

Ahmedabad - Patan - Modhera - Little Rann of Kutch - Ahmedabad
02 Nights / 03 Days

Day 1 | Ahmedabad City Tour

● Sabarmati Ashram



Sabarmati Ashram in Gujarat, located north of Ahmedabad, was originally the residence of Mahatma Gandhi and his spouse Kasturba.

Key Activities : The Ashram is presently involved in a number of activities that serves to both preserve the history of Gandhi and the freedom struggle and also to promote and educate people in the great philosophies, values and teachings of Gandhi.

● Sidi Saiyyed Mosque



The Sidi Saiyyed Mosque, built in 1573, is one of the most famous mosques of Ahmedabad. Built by Sidi Saeed, an Abyssinian in the retinue of Bilal Jhajar Khan, it was built in the last year of the Sultanate of Gujarat. The mosque is famous for beautifully carved ten stone latticework windows (jalis) on the side and rear arches.

Key Activities : sight seeing & shopping in nearby area

● Ahmad Shah's Mosque



Ahmed Sultan Ahmed Shah mosque in Ahmedabad is a religious place for Muslims that is well known for its architectural designing. It was constructed in the year 1414 A.D. by Sultan Ahmed Shah, the founder of Ahmedabad city. Thus, the mosque has been named after its founder. Lying on the left side of the famous Bhadra Fort, the mosque is very appealing to look at. It is one of the oldest mosques of Ahmedabad.

Day 2 | Adalaj - Patan - Modhera

● Adalaj ni vav



A stop to visit adalaj vav. One of the great examples of step wells of ancient times, 'Vav', as it is called in Gujarati, is intricately carved and is five stories deep. Such step wells were once integral to the semi-arid regions of Gujarat, as they provided water for drinking, washing and bathing. These wells were also venues for colourful festivals and sacred rituals.

Key Activities : sight seeing

Ahmedabad - Patan - Modhera - Little Rann of Kutch - Ahmedabad
02 Nights / 03 Days

Day 2 | Adalaj - Patan - Modhera

Patan



Patan, once the capital of medieval Gujarat, Patan is known for its Hindu and Jain architecture. We will visit rani ki vav or stepwell. Patan is also famous for patola (an intricate form of double ikkat weaving) sarees.

Key Activities : sight seeing & shopping in nearby area

Modhera



Modhera Sun Temple was built in 1026 AD during the reign of King Bhimdev I of solanki dynasty. The Temple is said to resemble the famous Konark temple in Orissa.

Key Activities : sight seeing and enjoy 3D light & sound show

Day 3 | Little Rann of Kutch

Little Rann of Kutch



This unique landscape was originally part of the Arabian Sea. As the land separated from the sea by geological forces, it became a vast, featureless plain encrusted with salt and inundated with water during the monsoon rains

Key Activities : Explore wildlife & watch the spectacular sunset